Assignment #4

Due Friday 3 October, at the start of class

Please read Lectures 5, 6, 7, and 8 in the textbook *Numerical Linear Algebra*, SIAM Press 1997, by Trefethen and Bau.

DO THE FOLLOWING EXERCISES FROM THE TEXTBOOK:

- Exercise 5.2
- Exercise 5.3
- Exercise 6.1
- Exercise 6.3 You may use the SVD of *A*.
- Exercise 6.4

DO THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS.

- **P10.** (a) Give an example of a projector which is not an orthogonal projector.
- **(b)** Show that if *P* is a projector and λ is an eigenvalue of *P* then $\lambda = 0$ or $\lambda = 1$.
- **(c)** Show that if a projector is invertible then it is the identity.
- **P11.** Show that if $A \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times m}$ with rank(A) = r then

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} ||A||_F \le ||A||_2 \le ||A||_F.$$

(*Hint.* You may use a theorem in Lecture 5.) Note that computing $||A||_2$ requires $O(m^3)$ work (i.e. number of arithmetic operations) while computing $||A||_F$ requires only $O(m^2)$ work. Are there classes of matrices for which the inequalities above allow us to know the approximate size of $||A||_2$ with only the lesser amount of work?