Math 615 NADE (Bueler)

Not turned in!

## Worksheet: Stable time-steps for 2nd-order ODE schemes

**METHODS.** Consider these 3 ODE IVP methods for an autonomous ODE system u' = f(u):

method	book reference	formula
TR: trapezoidal	(5.22)	$U^{n+1} = U^n + \frac{k}{2} \left( f(U^n) + f(U^{n+1}) \right)$
EM: explicit midpoint	(5.30)	$U^{n+1} = U^n + kf\left(U^n + \frac{k}{2}f(U^n)\right)$
AB2: Adams-Bashforth	p. 132	$U^{n+2} = U^{n+1} + \frac{k}{2} \left( -f(U^n) + 3f(U^{n+1}) \right)$

All 3 methods have  $O(k^2)$  local truncation error. Note EM is an explicit RK2 method.

**PROBLEMS.** Consider the following three linear ODE systems:

S1. u' = Au where  $u(t) \in \mathbb{R}^3$  and

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

S2. u' = Au where  $u(t) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  and

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

S3. u'=Au where  $u(t)\in\mathbb{R}^{25}$  and A is the tridiagonal matrix shown in equation (2.10) for the m=25 case (i.e. h=1/26 case); this A approximates a second derivative in space

## TASKS.

- (a) For each of the one-step METHODS, find the stability function R(z), for  $z=k\lambda$ , and write a MATLAB etc. code, using contourf or imagesc or similar as needed, to plot the region of absolute stability.
- (b) For the AB2 METHOD, which is a multistep scheme, a slightly different approach is needed to plot the stability region. Following the approach of section 7.3, use the facts that  $\rho(\zeta) = \zeta^2 \zeta$ ,  $\sigma(\zeta) = (3/2)\zeta (1/2)$  to compute a quadratic polynomial  $\pi(\zeta;z)$ . Then you can either follow the approach of 7.6.1, or check the root condition at every point in a mesh and apply contourf etc. to plot the stability region.<sup>2</sup>
- (c) For each PROBLEM, compute/approximate all of the eigenvalues  $\lambda_p$  of A.
- (d) For each pair (METHOD, PROBLEM), determine the maximum absolutely-stable time step  $k_{\rm stab}$ , or explain why there is no stability restriction on the time step ( $k_{\rm stab} = +\infty$ ). For  $k_{\rm stab} < \infty$  cases show a figure which has the relevant z-values ( $z = k_{\rm stab} \lambda_p$ ) plotted on top of the stability region.
- **(e)** For each of the PROBLEMS, give expert advice: which METHOD is best and why? For this question think of various ways in which a given method does or does not preserve "qualities" relevant to the particular problem. Computational cost is a consideration too; assume your computer is slow. (*Hints. See section 7.5 and think about*  $k_{stab}$  *and*  $k_{acc}$ . *See also sections 8.3 and 8.4; A-stable and L-stable properties are relevant.*)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>R. J. LeVeque, Finite Difference Methods for Ordinary and Partial Diff. Eqns., SIAM Press 2007

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Give this task a shot here on the worksheet. But it will not be on homework, and don't sweat it.