

SOLUTIONS

Worksheet: Various trigonometric integrals

CORRECTED!

Compute these integrals with a group, if possible!

A. $\int \tan(4x) dx = \int \frac{\sin(4x)}{\cos(4x)} dx \stackrel{u}{=} \int \frac{-du/4}{u} = -\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{du}{u}$

$u = \cos(4x)$
 $-du/4 = \sin(4x)dx$

$= -\frac{1}{4} \ln |\cos(4x)| + C$

B. $\int \sec^2 x \tan^3 x dx = \int u^3 du = \frac{1}{4} u^4 + C = \frac{1}{4} (\tan x)^4 + C$

$u = \tan x$
 $du = \sec^2 x dx$

C. $\int_0^\pi \sin(4x) \cos(3x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\pi [\sin(4x+3x) + \sin(4x-3x)] dx$

$[\sin a \cos b = \frac{1}{2}(\sin(a+b) + \sin(a-b))]$

$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\pi [\sin(7x) + \sin(x)] dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{-\cos(7x)}{7} - \cos x \right]_0^\pi$

D. $\int \tan^4 t dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{1}{7} + 1 \right) - \left(-\frac{1}{7} - 1 \right) \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2}{7} + 2 \right]$

$\tan^2 t = \sec^2 t - 1$

$= \int \tan^2 t (\sec^2 t - 1) dt = \int \tan^2 t \sec^2 t dt - \int \tan^2 t dt$

E. $\int \sec(2x) dx =$

$\sec(2x) \frac{\sec(2x) + \tan(2x)}{\sec(2x) + \tan(2x)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(2x) + \sec(2x)\tan(2x)}{\sec(2x) + \tan(2x)} dx$

$\stackrel{\text{Canc.}}{=} \int \frac{du/2}{u} = \frac{1}{2} \ln |\sec(2x) + \tan(2x)| + C$

$u = \sec(2x) + \tan(2x)$

CORRECTED

D. cont

$$= \int \tan^2 t \sec^2 t dt - \int \tan^2 t dt$$

$\downarrow \begin{cases} \tan^2 t \\ = \sec^2 t - 1 \end{cases}$

$$= \int u^2 du - \int \sec^2 t - 1 dt$$

$\begin{cases} u = \tan t \\ du = \sec^2 t dt \end{cases}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (\tan t)^3 - \tan t + t + C$$