

min  $c^T x$  subject to  $Ax = b$ ,  $x \geq 0$  where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \{3, 4\}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \underline{Bx_B = b} \Rightarrow x_B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N = \{1, 2\}, \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad x_N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_N = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{B^T \lambda = c_B} \Rightarrow \lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{s_N = c_N - N^T \lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{s_N \geq 0? \text{ stop with optimum}} \quad s_N \xrightarrow{\text{index of min}} q = \boxed{1} \Rightarrow \underline{Bd = A_q} \Rightarrow d = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{d \leq 0? \text{ stop, unbounded}} \quad \left\{ \frac{(x_B)_i}{d_i} \right\} = \left\{ \frac{5}{1}, \frac{8}{2} \right\} \quad \begin{matrix} i=3 \\ i=4 \end{matrix} \quad \text{index of min over } d_i > 0 \quad p = \boxed{4}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \{3, 1\}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \underline{Bx_B = b} \Rightarrow x_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N = \{4, 2\}, \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad x_N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{B^T \lambda = c_B} \Rightarrow \lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{s_N = c_N - N^T \lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{s_N \geq 0? \text{ stop with optimum}} \quad s_N \xrightarrow{\text{index of min}} q = \boxed{2} \Rightarrow \underline{Bd = A_q} \Rightarrow d = \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 \\ 1/4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{d \leq 0? \text{ stop, unbounded}} \quad \left\{ \frac{(x_B)_i}{d_i} \right\} = \left\{ \frac{1}{3/4}, \frac{4}{1/4} \right\} \quad \begin{matrix} i=3 \\ i=1 \end{matrix} \quad \text{index of min over } d_i > 0 \quad p = \boxed{3}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 1\frac{1}{3} \\ 4\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \{2, 1\}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \underline{Bx_B = b} \Rightarrow x_B = \begin{bmatrix} 4\frac{1}{3} \\ 1\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N = \{4, 3\}, \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad x_N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{B^T \lambda = c_B} \Rightarrow \lambda = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{4}{3} \\ -\frac{4}{3} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{s_N = c_N - N^T \lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} 4\frac{1}{3} \\ 4\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$s_N \geq 0$ ? stop with optimum

$$s_N \xrightarrow{\text{index of min}} q = \square$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{Bd = A_q} \Rightarrow d = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$d \leq 0$ ? stop, unbounded

$$\left\{ \frac{(x_B)_i}{d_i} \right\} = \{$$

index of  $\min_{d_i > 0} \rightarrow$

$$p = \square$$

$$B = \{ \quad \}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}, \quad \underline{Bx_B = b} \Rightarrow x_B = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_B = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N = \{ \quad \}, \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}, \quad x_N = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_N = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{B^T \lambda = c_B} \Rightarrow \lambda = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{s_N = c_N - N^T \lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$s_N \geq 0$ ? stop with optimum

$$s_N \xrightarrow{\text{index of min}} q = \square$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{Bd = A_q} \Rightarrow d = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$d \leq 0$ ? stop, unbounded

$$\left\{ \frac{(x_B)_i}{d_i} \right\} = \{$$

index of  $\min_{d_i > 0} \rightarrow$

$$p = \square$$