

## Assignment # 1

**I.** Please review *parametrized curves* and *curvature* from your calculus III textbook as follows:

- (1) { *There is no need to write for this part, but it is worthwhile to try to remember what you knew once, before starting the more serious stuff...* } Find definitions/descriptions of
- parameterized curve
  - unit tangent vector
  - unit normal vector (for curves in the plane)
  - arclength parameterization
  - curvature
  - osculating circle
  - torsion.

Compare the situations for 2D (in the plane) and 3D (in space) and try to identify concepts which are basically the same regardless of the dimension

- (2) { *You need to write for the remaining portions of the assignment!* } State the *definition* of the curvature of a curve. Give at least two formulas which allow you to calculate the curvature in different situations—state what situations these are.
- (3) What quantity for a curve makes sense in 3D but not in 2D? Explain.

**II.** Please also review familiar surfaces by sketching the graphs of the following:

- (1) the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$
- (2) the paraboloid  $z = 4x^2 + y^2$
- (3) the hyperbolic paraboloid  $z = x^2 - y^2$
- (4) the hyperboloid of one sheet  $z^2 + 1 = x^2 + y^2$
- (5) the surface  $3x^2 + 3y^2 + z^2 - 2xy - 2x - 2y = 3$ .

**1–2 Exercise # 2.** (page 5)

**1–2 Exercise # 3.**

**1–2 Exercise # 5.**

**1–3 Exercise # 1.** (page 7)

**1–3 Exercise # 4.**