

**Worksheet: Series again**

For each of the following 10 infinite series, state whether it *converges absolutely*, *converges conditionally*, or *diverges*. If a parameter appears (e.g. “ $x$ ” or “ $r$ ”) then give the answer for all cases of that parameter. Justify your statement using the following tests and categories:

- test for divergence
- geometric series
- integral test
- $p$ -series
- comparison test
- limit comparison test
- alternating series test
- ratio test
- root test

Show appropriate work when applying a test. Multiple tests may apply; focus on successfully applying the easiest test that does the job.

**A.**

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}$$

**B.**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x^n$$

**C.**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{2^n}$$

**D.**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n}{-3}\right)^n$$

**E.**

$$\sum_{n=7}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \ln n}{n}$$

**F.**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{3^n + 5}$$

**G.**

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(n)}{n^2}$$

**H.**

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{r^k}{k!}$$

**I.**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n}{n^2 - 3}$$

**J.**

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-3)^n}{(2n+1)!}$$