1. Newton's Law of Gravitation says that the magnitude *F* of the force exerted by a body of mass *m* on a body of mass *M* is

$$F = \frac{GmM}{r^2}$$

where G is the gravitational constant and r is the distance between the bodies.

(a) Find dF/dr and explain its meaning. What does the minus indicate?

- (b) Assume we measure mass in kilograms, distance in meters, and force in Newtons. What are the units of dF/dr?
- (c) Find dF/dm and explain its meaning and units.

2. A tank holds 5000 gallons of water which drains from the bottom of the tank in 40 minutes. The volume of water remaining in the tank after *t* minutes is

$$V = 5000 \left(1 - \frac{1}{40}t\right)^2$$

for $0 \le t \le 40$. Find the rate at which water is draining from the tank after (a) 5 min, (b) 20 min, and (c) 40 min. Which is fastest/slowest?

3. Differentiate the functions.

$$y = \frac{1}{\log_3 x}$$

 $y = \tan\left[\ln(ax+b)\right]$

 $H(z) = 7^z \arctan z$

$$g(t) = \frac{\ln t}{\arcsin(t^2) + 1}$$