

# SOLUTIONS

1. Find the point on the line  $y = 2x + 3$  which is closest to the origin.

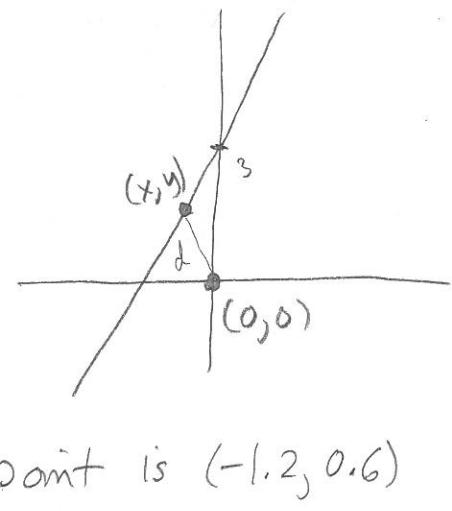
$$d^2 = x^2 + (2x+3)^2$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + (2x+3)^2 \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{minimize} \\ \text{this} \end{matrix}$$

$$f'(x) = 2x + 2(2x+3) \cdot 2 = 10x + 12$$

$$x = -\frac{12}{10} = -1.2$$

$$y = 2x+3 = -2.4+3 = 0.6$$



2. The top and bottom margins of a poster are each 6 cm and the side margins are 4 cm. If the area of the printed material on the poster is fixed at  $384 \text{ cm}^2$ , find the dimensions of the poster with the smallest total area.

$$A = xy$$

$$(x-8)(y-12) = 384$$

$$\Leftrightarrow y = 12 + \frac{384}{x-8}$$

$$A(x) = x \left( 12 + \frac{384}{x-8} \right), \quad 8 < x < \infty$$

$$A(x) = 12x + 384 \frac{x}{x-8}$$

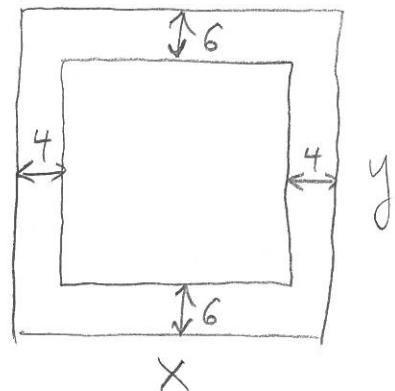
$$A'(x) = 12 + 384 \frac{1 \cdot (x-8) - x(1)}{(x-8)^2} = 12 + 384 \cdot \frac{-8}{(x-8)^2} = 0$$

$$(x-8)^2 = \frac{3072}{12} = 256$$

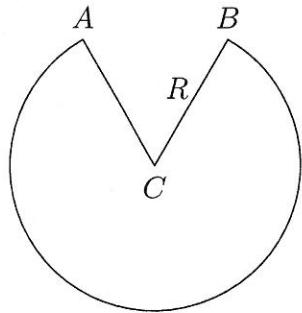
$$y-12 = \frac{384}{16}$$

$$y = 36 \text{ cm}$$

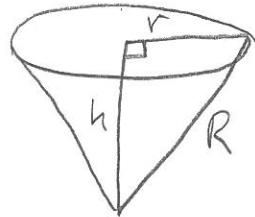
$$\begin{aligned} x-8 &= 16 \\ x &= 24 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$



3. A cone-shaped drinking cup is made from a circular piece of waxed paper of radius  $R$  by cutting out a sector, as shown, and joining the edges  $CA$  and  $CB$ . Find the maximum capacity of the cup.



roll up  
and attach  
 $CA$  to  $CB$



$$R^2 = r^2 + h^2 \Leftrightarrow h = \sqrt{R^2 - r^2}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$V(r) = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 \sqrt{R^2 - r^2}$$

$$V'(r) = \frac{\pi}{3} \left( 2r\sqrt{R^2 - r^2} + r^2 \frac{1}{2}(R^2 - r^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(-2r) \right)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{3} r(R^2 - r^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} [2(R^2 - r^2) - r^2]$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{3} \frac{r(2R^2 - 3r^2)}{\sqrt{R^2 - r^2}} = 0 \Rightarrow r=0 \text{ or}$$

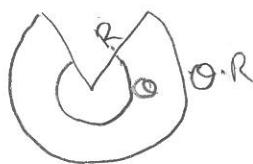
$$2R^2 - 3r^2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} V\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}R\right) &= \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{2}{3}R^2\right) \sqrt{R^2 - \frac{2}{3}R^2} \\ &= \frac{2}{9} \pi R^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}R^2} = \frac{2\pi}{9\sqrt{3}} R^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$3r^2 = 2R^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}R$$

to cut material:



$$R\theta = 2\pi r \text{ so } \theta = \frac{2\pi r}{R} = \frac{2\pi \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}R}{R}$$

$$= 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \approx 293^\circ$$